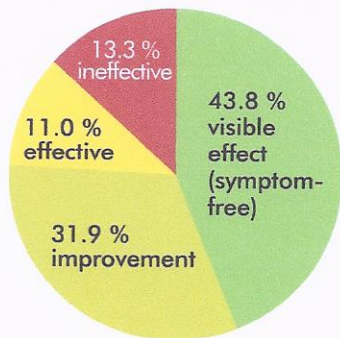


Allergy studies in China

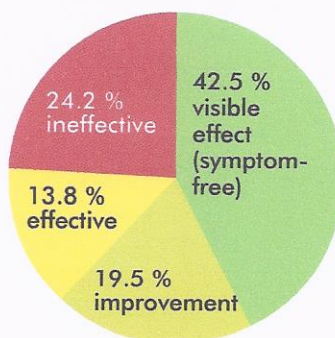
Asthma

Prospective, controlled non-randomised trial with two groups: 213 patients treated with Bicom, 87 patients treated with corticoids and antiallergics. Trial on patients with asthma.

Treatment with BICOM 2000



Treatment with remedies



After six months the results of the treatment were classified as follows:

1. Visible effect (symptom-free)
2. Improvement
3. Effective (slight reduction)
4. Ineffective

Evidence level: Level 3

Trial conducted by: Yang Jinzhi and Zhang Li, research centre for the prevention and treatment of asthma at the Children's Hospital of the town of Jinan in Shandong Province.
Certified translation from Maternal and Child Health Care of China, 2004, CN 22-1127/R

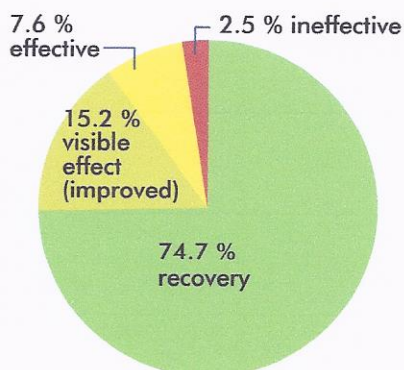
Eczema, atopic dermatitis, nettle rash and psoriasis

Single group cohort study with clearly defined criteria for effectiveness. Clinical observation of 79 cases of treatment of allergic skin diseases using bioresonance

The study was sufficiently large since it involved 79 patients. It included eczema, atopic dermatitis, nettle rash and psoriasis.

Effectiveness was assessed using a 4-point scale. The one year follow-up period is remarkably long and increases confidence in the study results in terms of evidence-based medicine.

Result: recovery in 74.7% of the cases treated. A visible effect was observed in 89.9% of cases observed.



Evidence level: Level 5

Dr Du Xia, Liu Yuanxia, Yang Jinzhi: Clinical observation of 79 cases of treatment of allergic skin diseases using bioresonance, Chin. Journal of Practical Medicine, Vol. 4, no. 3, March 2005 (Certified translation)

Additional studies exist in the field of allergy therapy. The proviso applies here that the scientific studies quoted below were conducted in China in state-run hospitals with a large number of patients. These are not referenced in the PubMed database however and are perhaps not readily transferable to European patients.